Intellectual Property Valuation: The Enforcement Equation

Perspectives From In-House and Outside Counsel

David Barkan, Fish & Richardson
Lisa Greenwald-Swire, Fish & Richardson
Thad Kodish, Fish & Richardson

Shai Shermister, SAP

Hananel Kvatinsky, Orbotech, LES Israel

Dan Shamgar, Meitar Liquornik Geva

& Leshem Brandwein









It's more than the back of a napkin...

- The Valuation Framework For the IP Owner
- The Valuation Framework For the Target
- What should the IP Owner Do Before Launching An Enforcement Program
- What should the Target do in the first 60 days after receiving notice

For the IP Owner

Cash or Market Position

Technology/Feature Protection

Protect Access to Standard

• Brand/Quality Protection

Validate IP Position

Set Market Rate for IP

of Targets



· The Goal Timeline:

Modest cash from many targets

Substantial Cash from any one target

Business Collaboration and "Win-Win"

Force Design-around and "De-feature"

"I want them out of the market"

Bite-Back Risk

Letters are low risk

• Filing a law suit medium risk

• Taking case through trial and appeal – highest risk

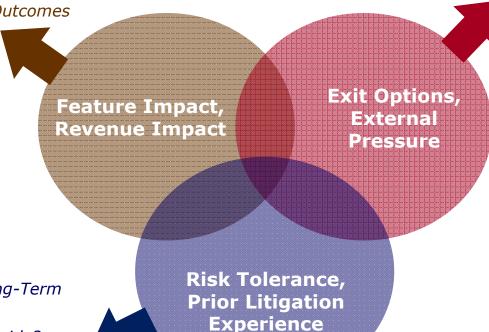
• Time is its own element of risk

- · Design Arounds Feasible
- Market moves on
- More time = more time for bite back, collateral attacks

For the Target

- Sales \$\$\$ Impacted
- Blocking Technology
- Standards Coverage
- · Feasibility of Design Around
- "Cleanliness" of Design Around
- Market Direction Favorable or Not

"Least Intolerable" Outcomes



- Cash Availability
- Time Horizon Impact
- Acquisition of IP Owner
- Impact on External Stakeholders
 - Customers
 - Investors
- Interference with Corporate Goals
 - Exit Events –
 acquisition, capital
 infusion, going public

- Near-Term vs Long-Term Risk Tolerance
 - Time on your side?
- Management Team's Prior Litigation Experience
- Bite-Back opportunity

Establishing & Protecting Value of IP Before Approaching Infringer

Establishment of brand

Continued use of mark associated to the product

Institution of enforcement regime

- Sliding scale of enforcement (direct competitors all infringers)
- Watch notices and cease and desist letters
- Avoiding dilution of trademarks by enforcement against confusingly similar marks by third parties

Strategic considerations in pre-suit diligence

- Opinion letter?
- Clearance search

Matching the Analysis – "How to Get to Yes"

- Except for rare cases, most IP disputes resolve before, during, or after trial
- In many cases, the same result could have been achieved earlier in the process

WHAT MATTERS

- Clear Goals
- Process
- Personalities (Corporate and Individual)
- Lack of accurate information about the other side
- The merits
- Litigation deadlines

OVERRATED

- Posturing
- Who initiates the discussion
- Who blinks first
- Threats without action
- "Best and Final" Offer

Checklist for the IP Owner Before Enforcement: The Final 60 days



- IP Owner's Analysis
- To extent possible with limited information, conduct Target's analysis
- 3. Identify Areas of Overlap, Realistic Outcomes
- 4. Invest in *Serious* Damages Analysis
- 5. Invest in *Serious* Infringement Analysis
- 6. Insurance through continuations
- 7. Impress target with investment in pre-enforcement analysis
- 8. Final Strategic Decision: Talk First or Sue First

Checklist for the IP Owner Before Enforcement: The Final 60 days

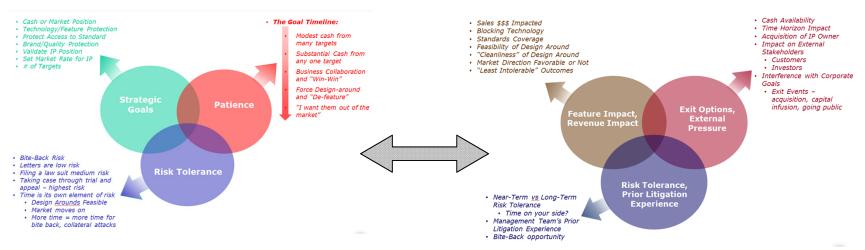
What Makes Target Take Your Patents Seriously

- Pre-Enforcement Due Diligence that indicates readiness for protracted litigation
- Serious and Realistic Damages
 Theory
- Breadth of IP coverage- death by 1000 cuts - with the analysis to back it up
- Patents covering standard with proof that the patent is truly essential to the standard
- Attorney Reputation and Track Records

What Doesn't

- Boilerplate accusations
- Parroting claim language in infringement claim charts
- Generic Damages Theory
- Large Portfolio which "you must be infringing something"

Checklist for the Target: The First 60 days after notice



- 1. Hire the right counsel, based on:
 - Experience and track record, particularly in the forum
 - Specific experience against the Plaintiff and patent(s)
 - Price
- 2. Perform **Serious** Damages Analysis
- Perform <u>Serious</u> Merits Analysis (infringement, invalidity, willfulness)
- 4. Ask IP owner for a claim chart
- Final Strategic Decision: Invite discussion or demonstrate willingness to litigate

Checklist for the Target: The First 60 days after notice

What Makes the IP Owner More Realistic

- Relay low sales numbers in company documents
- Opening the Kimono (relay an incurable non-infringement theory or killer prior art), particularly before sharing with a joint defense group
- Assert counterclaims
- Attorney Reputation and Track Records
- Precedent matters (other IP Owners are watching your behavior for future cases)

What Doesn't

- Informal & uncorroborated relaying of low sales numbers
- Empty statements about the patent being invalid over "old" technology
- Suggesting that you will behave entirely differently than you did the last time you were sued

The Forum Battleground: Which District Court? Or No District Court at All?

IP Owner Considerations

- Threat of Declaratory
 Judgment suit
- Holding Jurisdiction and Venue
- Home Cooking & pro-plaintiff jurisdictions
- Rocket Dockets with predictable case calendars
- Understanding the timeline of attorney fees

Target Considerations

- Possible Declaratory Judgment suit in another forum
- Viability of transfer or severance motion
- Joint defense group coordination often vital
- Initiate parallel reexam and seek a stay of litigation

Parallel Reexamination at the PTO:

IP Owner Considerations

- Heavy workload and expense
- No presumption of validity
- Broader claim construction bringing in more prior art
- Jury replaced by 3 technically trained examiners
- Try to strengthen your patent over the art

Target Considerations

- Ex Parte or Inter Partes
- Heavy workload and expense
- Stay of district court action
- No presumption of validity
- Broader claim construction bringing in more prior art
- Skilled Examiner Judges
- Additional willfulness defense
- Danger of "cleansing" prior art

Result of Litigation

- Injunctions eBay v. MercExchange
 - Non-practicing entities no irreparable harm
 - Direct competitors injunction requests denied as a result of existing licenses, imminent patent expiration, public health concerns
- Compulsory Licenses Paice v. Toyota

"Should the parties fail to come to an agreement, the district court could step in to assess a reasonable royalty *in light of the* ongoing infringement."

Paice LLC v. Toyota Motor Corp., 504 F.3d 1293, 1315 (Fed. Cir. 2007) (Rader, J., concurring).

Traditional Damages – Reasonable Royalties / Lost Profits

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